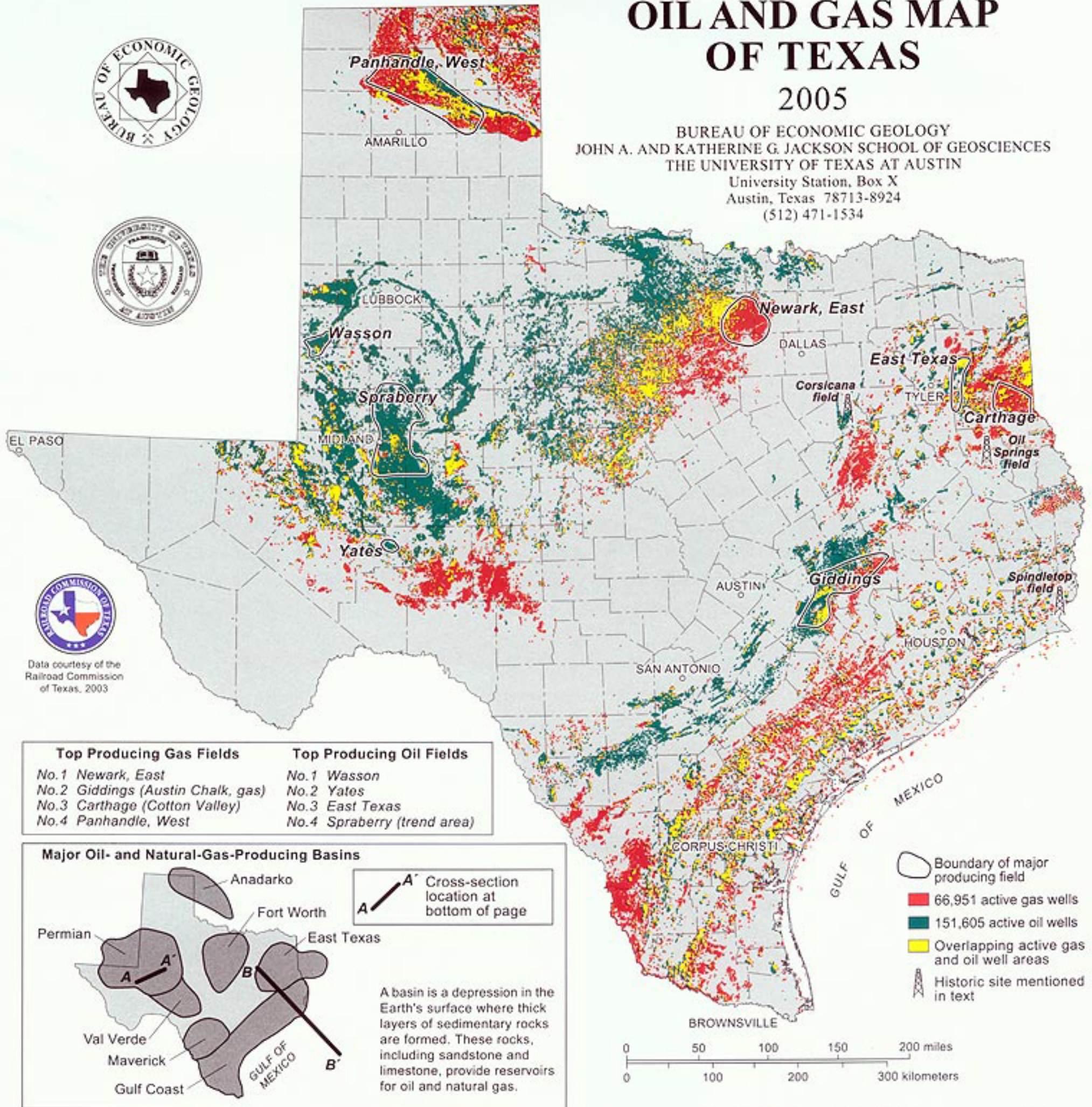


OIL AND GAS MAP OF TEXAS 2005

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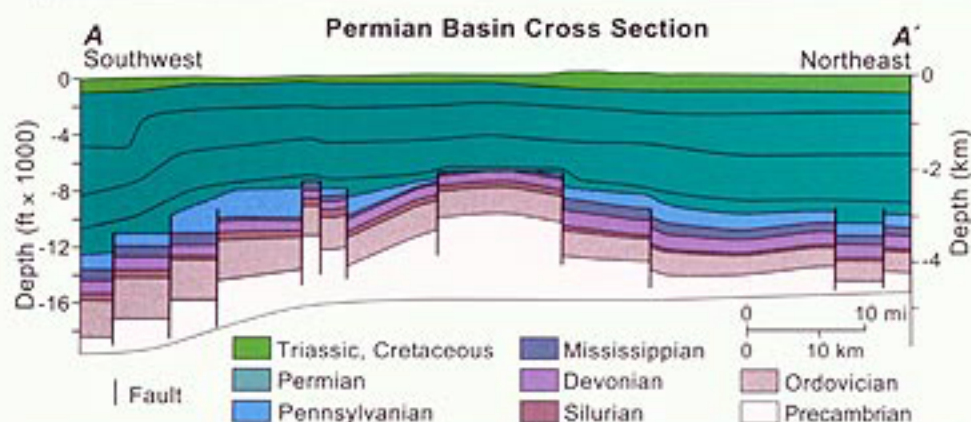
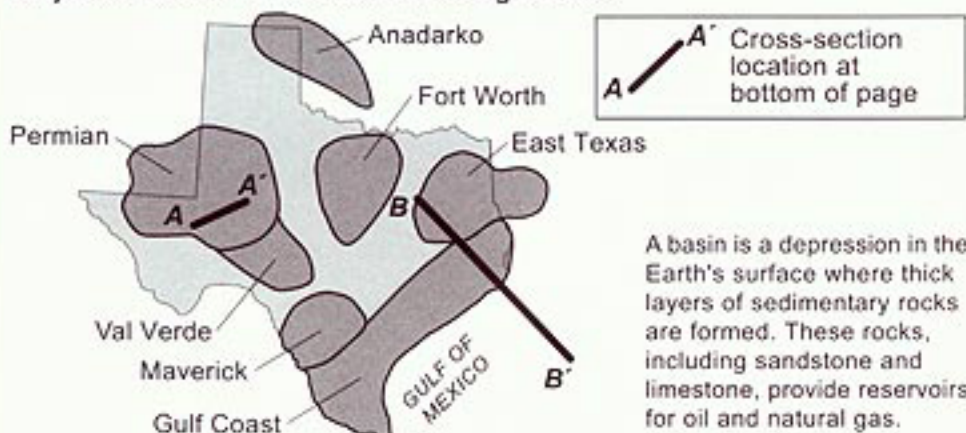


Data courtesy of the
Railroad Commission
of Texas, 2003



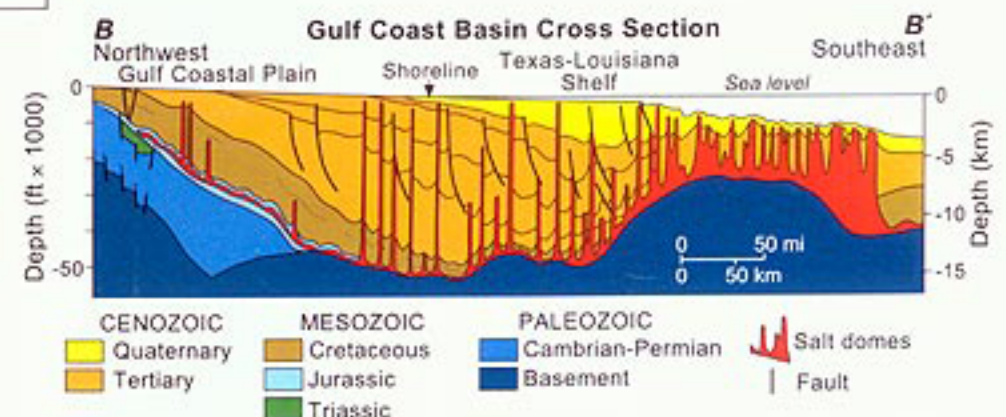
Top Producing Gas Fields	Top Producing Oil Fields
No.1 Newark, East	No.1 Wasson
No.2 Giddings (Austin Chalk, gas)	No.2 Yates
No.3 Carthage (Cotton Valley)	No.3 East Texas
No.4 Panhandle, West	No.4 Spraberry (trend area)

Major Oil- and Natural-Gas-Producing Basins



Modified from Bebout, D. G., and Meador, K. J., 1985, Regional cross sections—Central Basin Platform, West Texas: The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology, 4 p., 11 pls.

More than half of the oil and gas production from Texas comes from the Permian Basin of West Texas. Nearly three-quarters of this production comes from carbonate rocks of Permian age.



Modified from Worrall, D. M., and Snelson, S., 1989, Evolution of the northern Gulf of Mexico with an emphasis on Cenozoic growth faulting and the role of salt tectonics, in Bally, A. W., and Palmer, A. R., eds., The geology of North America—an overview: Geology of North America, v. A, p. 97-138.

Most oil and gas production in the Texas Gulf Coast comes from Tertiary-aged sandstones. Many reservoirs are associated with faults and salt domes.